THE EXTENT OF AVAILABILITY AND UTILIZATION OF BIOLOGY EQUIPMENT/MATERIALS IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS IN ONITSHA EDUCATION ZONE: IMPLICATIONS FOR SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENT IN NIGERIA

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Abstract

This study examined the extent of availability and utilization of biology equipment/materials in secondary schools in Onitsha education zone: Implication for economic crisis in Nigeria. Three research questions were formulated and answered. The population of the study consisted of all the 48 biology teachers and 49040 Senior Secondary Two (SS 11) biology students totaling 29088 subjects in the thirty-two (32) secondary schools in Onitsha Education Zone. The sample consisted of 20 biology teachers and 500 SS 11 biology students 520 subjects in 10 randomly selected schools. Data was collected using summated rating scale, and was analyzed using percentages and mean. The result of the study showed that biology equipment/materials were on the average rarely available in the secondary schools and the available ones were not utilized. The implication of rare availability and low utilization of biology equipment/materials were discussed. It was concluded that for Nigeria to overcome the present economic crisis, biology equipment and materials must be made available and also be utilized maximally to make our biologists selfreliant and thereby rise above poverty and backwardness.

Keywords: Availability, utilization, scientific and technological development.

Introduction

For any science is to be taught well, it should be done practically. Each student should be able to perform necessary experiment, use certain tools, produce some equipment, make and record accurate observations and as the case may be. Science is the key to economic, intellectual, sociological, human resource development and the wellbeing of the society. The growth of any nation is a measure of its advancement in science. As soon as individuals are made to acquire the right attitude and skills in science for self-reliance and national development, then that society becomes developed.

It is unfortunate however that in most secondary schools, the equipment, facilities and materials needed for meaningful work are either grossly inadequate or in bad state of repairs. Teachers also lack the competence, skills and creativity to organize practical classes in biology (Ofogbu, 2003, Akubuilo, 2004). Ebele in Yahya and Shamsudeen (2017) observed that in most of the schools in Anambra State, there are inadequate equipment for teaching of biology in all the Secondary Schools in Nnewi Education Zone of Anambra State. Again, Bello (2013) reported that most schools in Sokoto State do not have well equipped biology laboratory. It is essential that students do something more than listening to lectures. They should participate in demonstration and experiment. They must have experience even if it is as simple as swinging a bunch of keys, hanging on a string and timing the pendulum. (Novak in Olajide and James, 2009).

The issue of economic crisis has been ravaging our nation for some time now. What the nation requires is the type of education that can help our students discover their talents at a very early age and also encourage them to develop and utilize their talents well. One way this researcher thinks this can be effectively done is encouraging pupils to find out things for themselves. This cannot be done where there is unavailability of biology equipment. The use of equipment/materials for teaching biology actually motivates and arouses interest in students in a lesson. It focuses students' attention and initiates problem-solving. If materials for teaching biology are made available, our students will be self-reliant after graduation and this will go a long way to alleviate the present economic crisis in Nigeria.

For Nigeria to meet up with other developed countries of the world, greater emphasis should be on the provision of equipment and materials needed for practical work in Science in general and biology in particular. Students should actually be given opportunity to discover, invent and get involved in the rapid expansion in science and technology. This is because, biology has made great impact in the development of this nation and its importance warrants the need to provide biology equipment in our secondary schools. If biology materials are adequately provided in our secondary school laboratories, students will be able to apply knowledge, communicate effectively, be analytical, critical thinkers, inquisitive and imaginative. They need to be self-confident, motivated learners, creative and curious (NBTE, 2006).These attributes have a lot of implications for economic crisis in Nigeria. Once an individual acquires the right skills and attitude through manipulation of science equipment, he can survive easily in the society.

Statement of the Problem

Biology is one of the science subjects in Nigerian Secondary Schools. It is important in many ways for both individuals and societal development as seen in biotechnology and genetic engineering. Good knowledge of the subject is required for an individual to rise above poverty and backwardness especially in the light of the present economic crisis. Available statistics from West African Examination Council (WAEC, 2004-2012), Ofoegbu (2003) and Akubuilo, (2004) revealed that although biology has the highest enrolment relative to other science subjects, it records a very poor performance at senior certificate examinations especially in the practical examinations where students exhibit very poor science skill acquisition. The poor science skill acquisition by students is not in keeping with the objectives of education in Nigeria which states that "education should aim at helping the child acquire appropriate skills, ability and competence both mental and physical as equipment for the individual to live and contribute to the development of his society" (FRN, 2004). It is possible that provision and use of adequate biology equipment and materials in teaching and learning of biology may improve the situation. Consequently, the problem is: To what extent is biology equipment/materials available and used in our secondary schools?

Research Questions

The following research questions were answered:

- 1. To what extent is biology equipment/materials available in schools?
- 2. To what extent do biology teachers make use of equipment/materials in teaching?
- 3. What are the implications of non-availability and non-utilization of biology equipment/materials on global economic crisis in Nigeria?

Methodology

The study employed a survey research design. The population of the study comprised of all SS 11 Secondary School biology students in Onitsha Education zone. The Zone has a total of 32 schools in which there are 48 biology teachers and 29040 students. A total of 29088 persons therefore constitute the population.

The sample for the study consisted of all SS 11 biology students and biology teachers in ten (10) randomly selected secondary schools in Onitsha Education zone. The biology students in these 10 schools were 500 in number and teachers were 20. A total of 520 subjects therefore constituted the sample for the study. The instrument used in this study for data collection was a questionnaire of 5-point Likert-type scale. The questionnaire was divided into two parts; Part 1 for biology teachers and Part 11 for biology teachers and SS 11 students.

Copies of the questionnaire were administered to the respondents by the researcher with the help of four research assistants. The biology teachers and students gave maximums cooperation in filling the questionnaires on the spot, resulting in 100% return of the questionnaires.

The statistical tools used in this study for data analysis were mean and percentage. Mean values of less than 1.50 was taken as never/very strongly disagree. Mean values of 1.50-2.54 was taken as rarely/strongly disagree. Mean values of more than 2.54 but less than 3.50 but less than 4.50 was taken as often/strongly agree. Mean value of 4.50 and above was taken as always/very strongly.

Results

Research Question 1: To what extent are equipment/materials available in secondary schools?

Equipment/	AA	0	CA	RA	NA	TR	AM	Remark
materials		Α				Total	(X)	
Quadrate	5	4	6	22	5	42	2.10	Rarely
								available
Measuring	5	4	6	32	0	47	2.35	Rarely
cylinder								available
Skeleton	10	8	12	22	0	52	2.60	Occasionally
~ ~				• •		• •		available
Overflow	0	0	6	28	4	38	1.90	Rarely
can	0	4	2	20	0	25	1.75	available
Dissecting	0	4	3	20	8	35	1.75	Rarely
equipment	0	0	6	20	6	4.4	2.20	available
Spring	0	8	0	20	0	44	2.20	Rarely
Dalance	20	16	24	0	0	69	2 40	
nictures	20	10	24	0	0	00	5.40	available
Handles	5	Δ	6	28	2	<i>1</i> 5	2 25	Rarely
Trancies	5	4	0	20	2	45	2.23	available
Flash card	0	0	6	28	4	38	1 90	Rarely
i iusii cuiu	U	Ū	U	20	•	50	1.90	available
Mosquito	0	4	9	30	1	44	2.20	Rarely
net	÷	-	-		_			available
Rain guage	0	0	6	32	2	40	2.00	Rarely
0 0								available
Laboratory	50	12	9	8	0	79	3.95	Often
funnel								available
Biological	0	0	6	32	2	38	1.90	Rarely
kits								available
Test tubes	55	4	6	12	0	78	3.90	Occasionally
and rats								available
Beaker	25	12	24	4	2	62	3.10	Occasionally
					-	• •		available
Aquarium	0	0	0	36	2	38	1.90	Rarely
	10			•				available
Thermomete	10	4	6	30	1	51	2.55	Occasionally
r Miono	0	0	10	20	0	10	2 40	available
wiicroscope	U	ð	12	28	0	48	2.40	Karely
								available

Table 1: Extent of availability of biology equipment/materials

Anemometer	0	4	0	24	6	32	1.60	Rarely
i memometer	Ū	•	Ū	21	0	52	1.00	available
Wind vane	0	4	3	32	2	41	2.05	Rarely
								available
Pooter	0	0	3	30	4	37	1.85	Rarely
								available
Sachi disc	0	0	0	20	10	30	1.50	Rarely
		_						available
Punnet	0	0	9	30	2	41	2.05	Rarely
square	0	0		20	1	4.7	2.25	available
Tape	0	8	6	30	I	45	2.25	Rarely
recorder	0	0	6	22	2	40	2.00	available
Fish trap	0	0	0	32	Z	40	2.00	Rarely
Sweet not	0	0	6	37	2	40	2.00	available Dorely
Sweet net	0	0	0	32	L	40	2.00	available
Transect	0	0	0	30	5	35	1 75	Rarely
Transeet	U	U	U	50	5	55	1.75	available
Incubator	0	0	6	30	5	35	1.75	Rarely
	Ũ	Ũ	Ũ	00	C	00	1110	available
Water filter	5	8	9	30	0	52	2.58	Occasionally
								available
Drying oven	0	0	6	34	1	41	2.05	Rarely
								available
Vacuum	0	12	9	32	0	53	2.60	Occasionally
flask								available
Herbarium	0	0	0	30	5	35	1.75	Rarely
cabinet	25	20	1.5	0	0	70	2.50	available
Charts	25	20	15	0	0	70	3.50	Occasionally
Magnifying	5	0	2	24	4	11	2 20	available
Magnifying	3	8	3	24	4	44	2.20	Rarely
Dropping	0	8	6	32	0	16	2 30	Rarely
ninette	0	0	0	52	0	40	2.30	available
Bunsen	10	4	6	30	0	50	2.50	Occasionally
Burner	10	•	U	50	Ū	50	2.30	available
Model for	5	0	4	16	10	35	1.75	Rarely
eye								available
Model for	5	4	2	14	10	35	1.75	Rarely
ear								available
Model for	0	0	0	20	10	30	1.50	Rarely
heart								available
Regent for	0	0	6	16	9	31	1.55	Rarely

food test Biological garden	0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	available Never available
Computer facilities	0	8	6	4	14	32	1.60	Rarely available
Bult, cells, battery	0	8	3	24	5	40	2.00	Rarely available
Preserved specimen	10	4	9	24	2	49	2.45	Rarely available
Secaleum	0	0	9	8	13	30	1.50	Rarely available
Vasculum	0	0	2	6	16	24	1.20	Never available
Plant press	0	0	6	2	16	24	1.20	Never available
Camera	0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	Never available
Binoculars	0	8	0	8	14	30	1.50	Rarely available
Tripod stand	10	12	6	12	6	46	2.30	Rarely available
Fire extinguisher	0	0	9	10	12	31	1.55	Rarely available
Water bath	0	0	0	2	19	21	1.05	Never available
Round and fat bottom	0	8	9	6	12	35	1.75	Rarely available
Demonstrati on table	50	16	18	0	0	84	4.20	Often available
Petridish	20	12	6	16	3	57	2.85	Occasionally available
Prepared slides	10	4	6	8	10	38	1.90	Rarely available

2.11	Rarely available

AA-Always available, OA-often Available, OA-occasionally available, RA-rarely available, NA-Never available, TR-total rating, AM- Arithmetic mean.

From table 1, it was observed that out of fifty-six (56) equipment/materials listed for effective teaching and learning of biology, five (5) (8.9%) were found to be never available; 40, (71%) were found to be rarely available; Nine (9) (16.07%) were found to be occasionally available. Finally two (2) (3.6%) items were found to be often available in schools. Accordingly, biology equipment/materials were on the average rarely available in secondary schools.

Research question 2: To what extent do biology teachers make use of available biology equipment?

Item	AU	OU	CU	RU	NU	TR	AM	Remark
						Total		
Quadrate	0	0	0	4	18	22	1.10	Never
								utilized
Measuring	5	4	6	4	11	32	1.60	Rarely
cylinder								utilized
Skeleton	0	0	6	4	16	26	1.30	Never
								utilized
Overflow can	0	0	3	2	18	23	1.15	Never
								utilized
Dissecting	0	0	3	2	18	23	1.15	Never
equipment								utilized
Spring balance	0	4	3	4	16	27	1.35	Never
								utilized
Mounted	20	12	15	20	3	70	3.50	Often utilized
pictures								
Handles	0	0	9	6	14	29	1.45	Never
								utilized
Flash card	0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	Never
								utilized
Mosquito net	0	0	3	4	17	24	1.20	Never
								utilized
Rain guage	0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	Never
								utilized
Laboratory	0	0	9	6	14	29	1.45	Never
funnel								utilized

Table 2: Extent of use of biology equipment by biology teachers.

Biological kits	0	0	0	4	18	22	1.10	Never
_		_						utilized
Test tubes and	0	0	9	6	14	29	1.45	Never
rats								utilized
Beaker	0	0	12	10	11	33	1.65	Rarely
	0	0	0	0	•	•	1.00	utilized
Aquarium	0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	Never
T 1	0	0	2	4	17	24	1 20	utilized
Inermometer	0	0	3	4	1/	24	1.20	Never
Mieroscopo	0	0	0	6	14	20	1 45	Never
Microscope	0	0	0	0	14	29	1.43	never
Anomorpoton	0	0	2	4	17	24	1 20	Navar
Allemonieter	0	0	3	4	17	24	1.20	nevel
Wind yone	0	0	0	6	17	23	1 1 5	Never
willu valle	0	0	0	0	17	23	1.15	utilized
Pooter	0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	Never
100001	0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	utilized
Sachi disc	0	0	0	2	18	20	1.00	Never
Baelli dise	U	0	U	2	10	20	1.00	utilized
Punnet square	0	0	9	4	15	28	1.40	Never
	U	Ũ	-		10		1110	utilized
Tape recorder	0	0	0	6	17	23	1.15	Never
	-	-	-	-		-		utilized
Fish trap	0	0	3	2	18	23	1.15	Never
Ĩ								utilized
Sweet net	0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	Never
								utilized
Transect	0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	Never
								utilized
Incubator	0	8	6	6	15	35	1.75	Rarely
								utilized
Water filter	5	4	9	8	11	37	1.85	Rarely
								utilized
Drying oven	0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	Never
								utilized
Vaccum flask	0	0	9	12	11	32	1.60	Rarely
	_	_		_				utilized
Herbarium	0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	Never
cabinet	1 -	10	10	0	~		o = -	utilized
Charts	15	12	12	8	5	55	2.75	Karely
								utilized

Magnifying glasses	5	0	0	9	6	14	29	1.45	Never utilized
Dropping pipette		0	4	3	6	16	29	1.45	Never utilized
Burnsen Burner		0	4	3	9	15	31	1.55	Rarely utilized
Model for e	eye	5	0	4	16	10	35	1.75	Rarely utilized
Model for e	ear	5	4	2	14	10	35	1.75	Rarely utilized
Model heart	for	0	0	0	20	10	30	1.50	Rarely utilized
Regent food test	for	0	0	0	20	10	30	1.50	Rarely utilized
Biological garden		0	0	0	0	20	20	1.00	Never utilized
Computer facilities		0	0	0	10	15	25	1.25	Never utilized

TR-total rating, AM- Arithmetic mean.

From table 2, it was observed that out of 56 equipment/materials in the list, 39 (69.6%) were never utilized; 15 (26.8%) were rarely utilized; one (1) (1.8%) was occasionally utilized, and finally one (1) (1.8%) was often utilized. Accordingly biology equipment/materials in secondary schools were on the average never utilized.

Research question 3: What are the implications of availability and utilization of biology equipment/materials?

Table 3: The implequipment/materials.	lication	s of	avai	lability	and	utilizat	ion o	f biology
Item statement	VSA	SA	D	SD	VSD	TR	AM	Remark
Student react positively when they use equipment / materials in teaching and learning	1300	640	90	60	40	2130	4.09	Strongly Agree
Teachers use of science equipment / materials motivate students' interest in	1300	560	66	92	52	2070	3.98	Strongly Agree

biology								
Students perform well	950	960	60	76	32	278	3.99	Strongly
in topics taught with								Agree
equipment/materials								
Students taught	975	796	90	96	48	2005	3.86	Strongly
without								Agree
equipment/materials								
learn by rote leading								
to poor understanding								
of biological concepts	0.05	000	1.50	-	07	2027	a 00	
Many biology teachers	925	836	153	/6	31	2027	3.89	Strongly
do not know how to								Agree
use the available								
equipment	000	700	152	120	22	1076	2 00	Ctuck clas
Students cannot apply	880	/80	155	130	33	1970	3.80	Strongly
knowledge to real life								Agree
situation when taught								
williout								
Poor understanding of	840	702	201	124	25	1082	3 81	Strongly
biological concents	040	192	201	124	23	1962	5.61	Agree
may lead to								Agiee
nroduction of								
biologists who cannot								
be self-reliant								
This poor	990	768	147	152	05	2062	3.97	Strongly
understanding of	//0	,	1.,	102		2002	0197	Agree
biological concepts								8
may be one of the								
causes of low rate of								
development in								
Nigeria								

VSA- very strongly agree, SA-strongly agree, D-disagree, SD- strongly disagree, VSD-very strongly disagree, TR-total rating, AM- Arithmetic mean.

From table 3, both biology teachers and students strongly agreed on the following points:

- Students react positively when they use equipment/materials in teaching and learning;
- Teachers' use of science equipment/materials motivate students interest in biology;
- Students perform well in topics taught with equipment/materials;

- Students taught without equipment/materials learn by rote leading to poor understanding of biological concepts;
- Many biology teachers do not know how to use most biology equipment/materials;
- Poor understanding of biological concepts may lead to production of biologists who cannot be self-reliant;
- Poor understanding of biological concepts may be one of the causes of economic crisis in Nigeria.

Discussion

The information in table 1 revealed that biology equipment/materials were on the average rarely available in secondary schools. Accordingly, 8.9 of the materials were never available in schools, 71 percent of materials were found to be rarely available, 16.01 percent of materials were found to be occasionally available in schools while 3.6 percent of materials were found to be often available. This result was supported by observations of earlier researchers. For instance, Achufusi, Umeh & Okoye (2009),Olangunji (2003)Ibukun (1992)reported serious lack of equipment/materials in the teaching and learning of biology. This may be why teachers most times avoid conducting practical work which in itself has implication for the academic performance of students. Laboratory equipment availability plays a vital role in determining the extent of acquisition of science process skills and competence in science concepts by the learner (Yahya and Shamsudeen 2017). Abuja, Katcha and Wushishi (2015) in Yahya and Shamsudeen (2017) reported that there is a significant difference between the performance of biology students exposed to well-equipped laboratory and those exposed to ill-equipped laboratory.

On a similar note, Table 2 revealed that biology equipment/materials were on the average never utilized by biology teachers. Accordingly, 69.6 percent of materials were never utilized, 26.8 percent were rarely utilized, 1.8% of materials were occasionally utilized and finally 1.8 percent were often utilized. This was supported by the findings of Olangunji (2003), Abudrauf, Alhassan and Jubril (2019) who reported low utilization of ICT facilities in Nigeria secondary schools of which biology equipment is part.

Again the information in table 3 revealed many implication of non-availability and low-utilization of biology equipment/materials which includes, poor understanding of biology concepts leading to rote learning, inability to apply knowledge to real life situation leading to lack of self-reliance. Some of these points were also highlighted by NBTE (2006). It also reveals teachers inability to use the available science equipment/materials. This was supported by the observations of Ofoegbu (2003) and Akubuilo (2004) who reported that teachers lack the competence, skills and creativity to organize practical classes in biology. This may be one of the reasons biology equipment and materials are never utilized in schools.

Summary and conclusion

Biology equipment/materials were on the average rarely available in secondary schools and the available ones were never utilized by biology teachers. This has a lot of implications which includes: poor understanding of biology concepts leading to rote learning, resulting in inability to apply knowledge of biology to real life situation.

Science Education of which biology is one, is the bed rocks of technological breakthrough. Technologically advanced countries of the world attain their status partly through their knowledge of Science Education. Technological advancement is a must for any nation to rise above poverty and backwardness. It is a well-known fact that no technologically advanced country is poor. This buttresses the importance of availability and utilization of biology equipment/materials in secondary schools by biology teachers in the light of the present developing status of Nigeria.

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